

Prevalence of ROP severities in a multinational cohort of infants treated for ROP – data from the European ROP registry (EU-ROP)

#4913



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PURPOSE

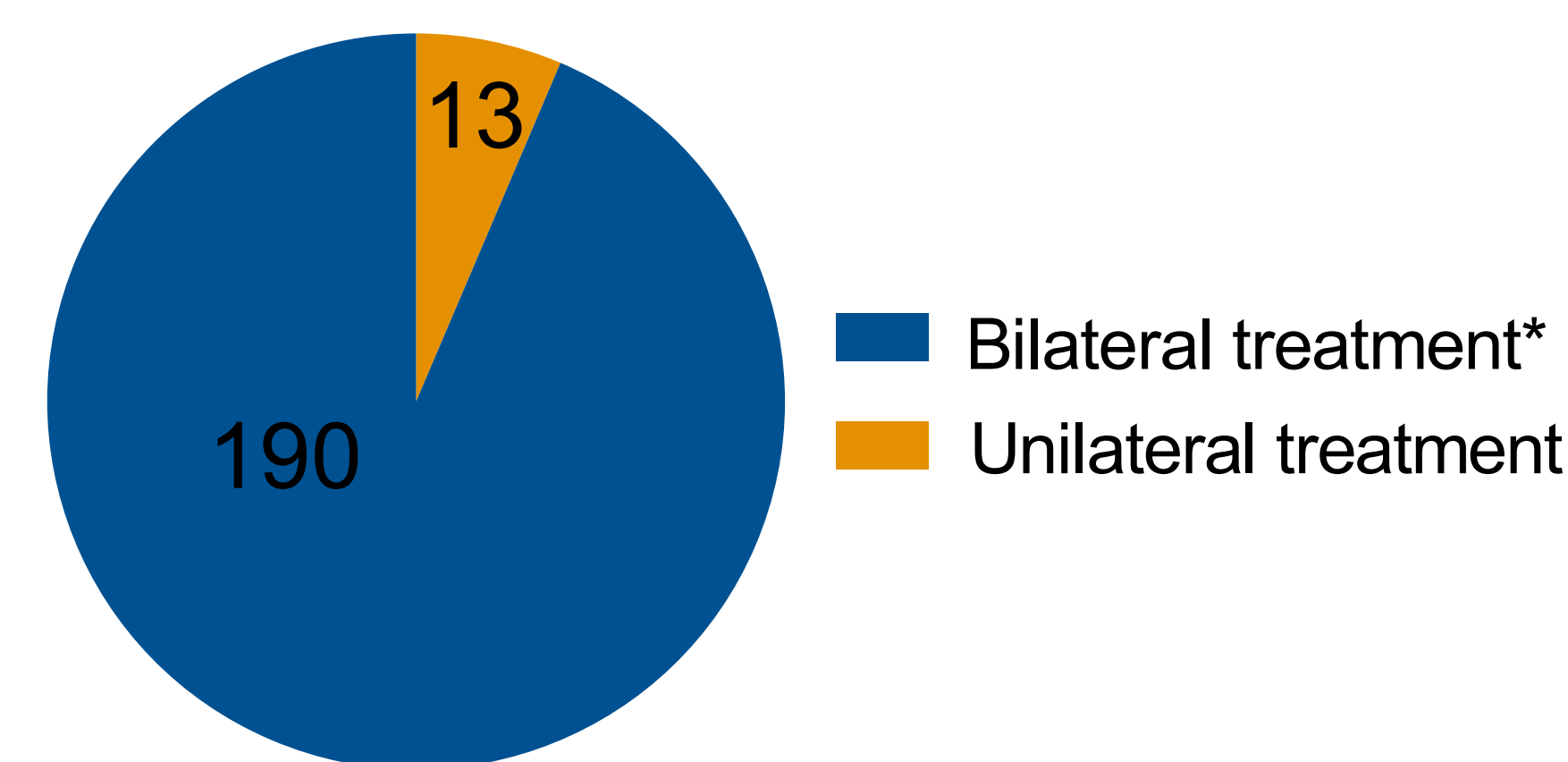
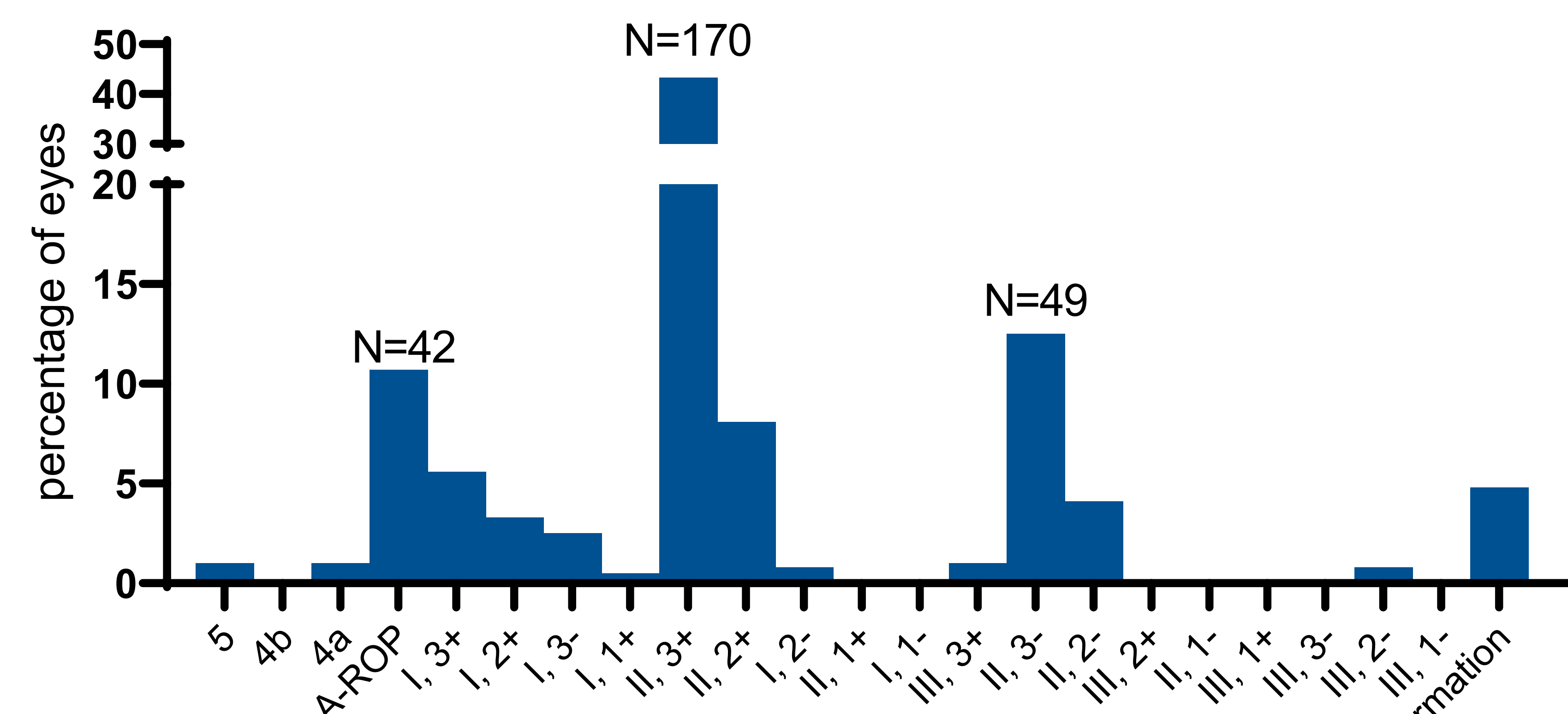
In 2021, the third iteration of the International Classification of Retinopathy Of Prematurity (ICROP3) was published¹. We investigated the **prevalence of ROP severities** in the recently established **European ROP registry (EU-ROP)**, which collects **real-life data** of infants **treated for ROP** in Europe.

CONCLUSION

This first analysis from the EU-ROP registry gives an **overview of ROP characteristics** present in a **real-world cohort of treatment-requiring ROP in Europe**. Additional analyses will follow to investigate treatment approaches, complications and outcomes. See the project website www.eu-rop.org for further information.

RESULTS

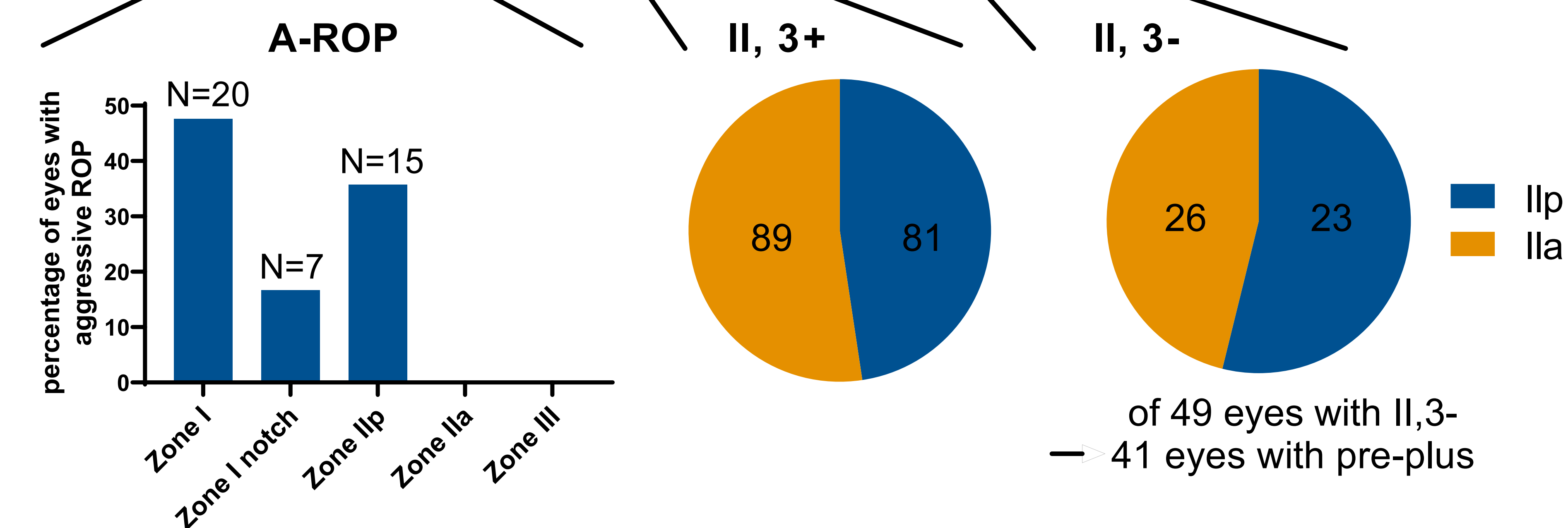
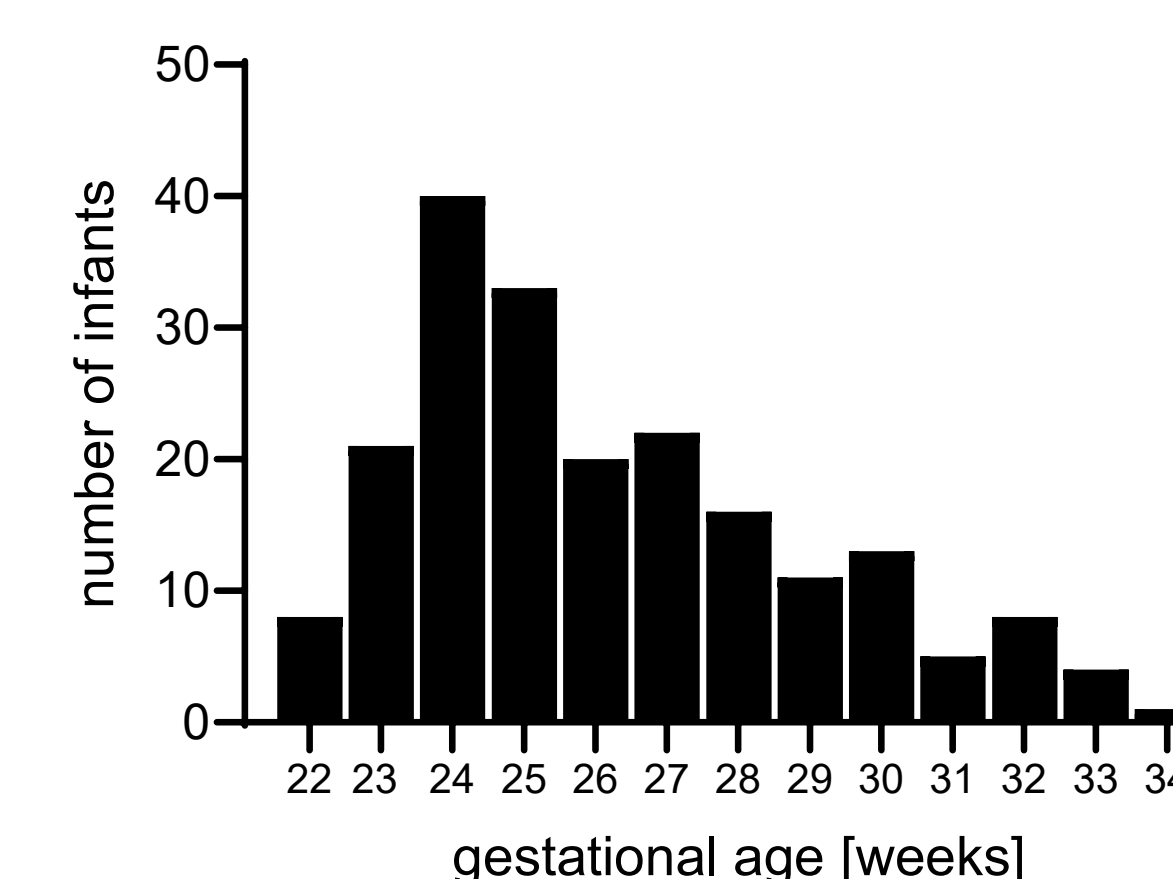
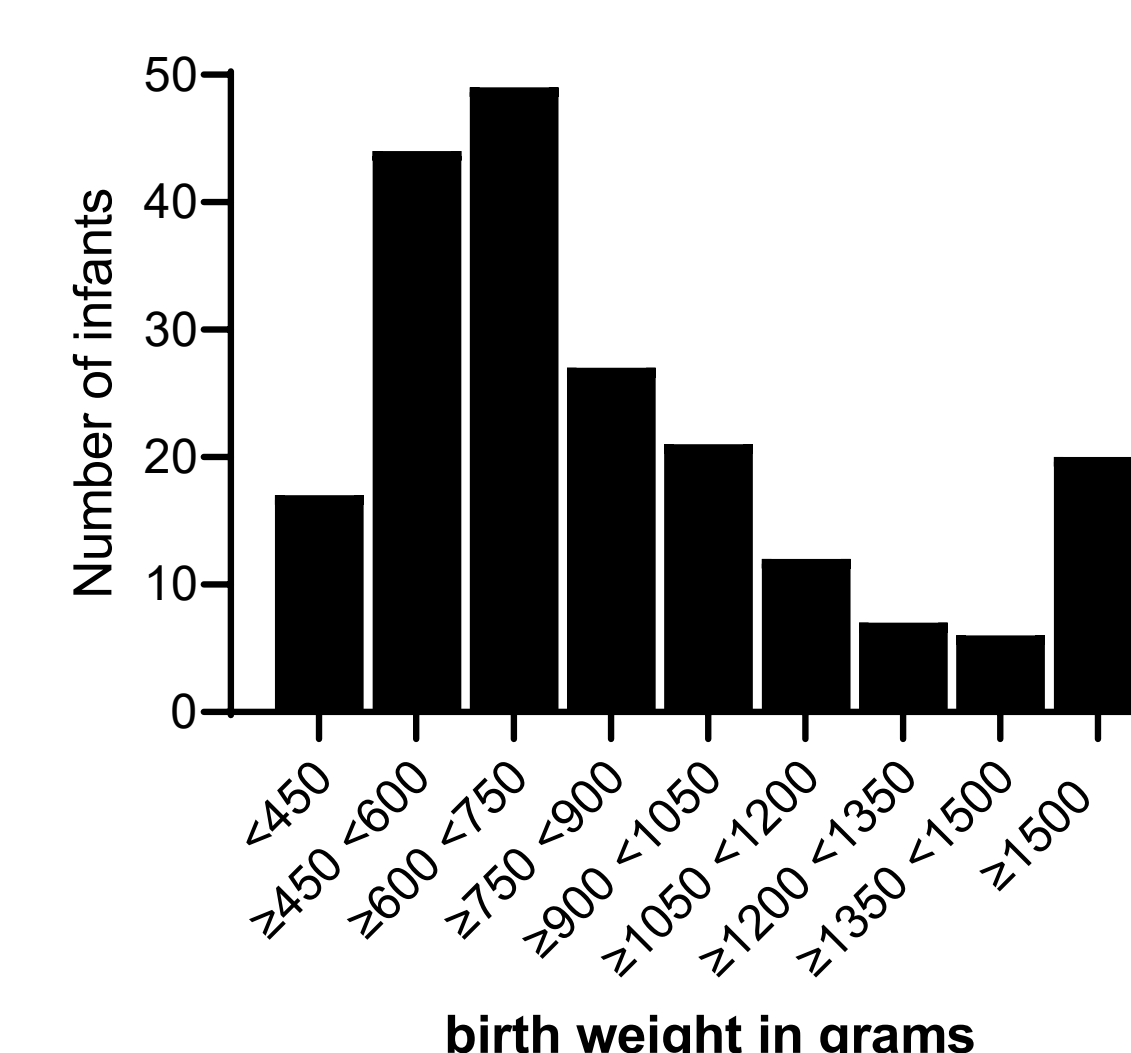
ROP severity at initial treatment



*including two infants with bilateral treatment 23 and 92 days apart

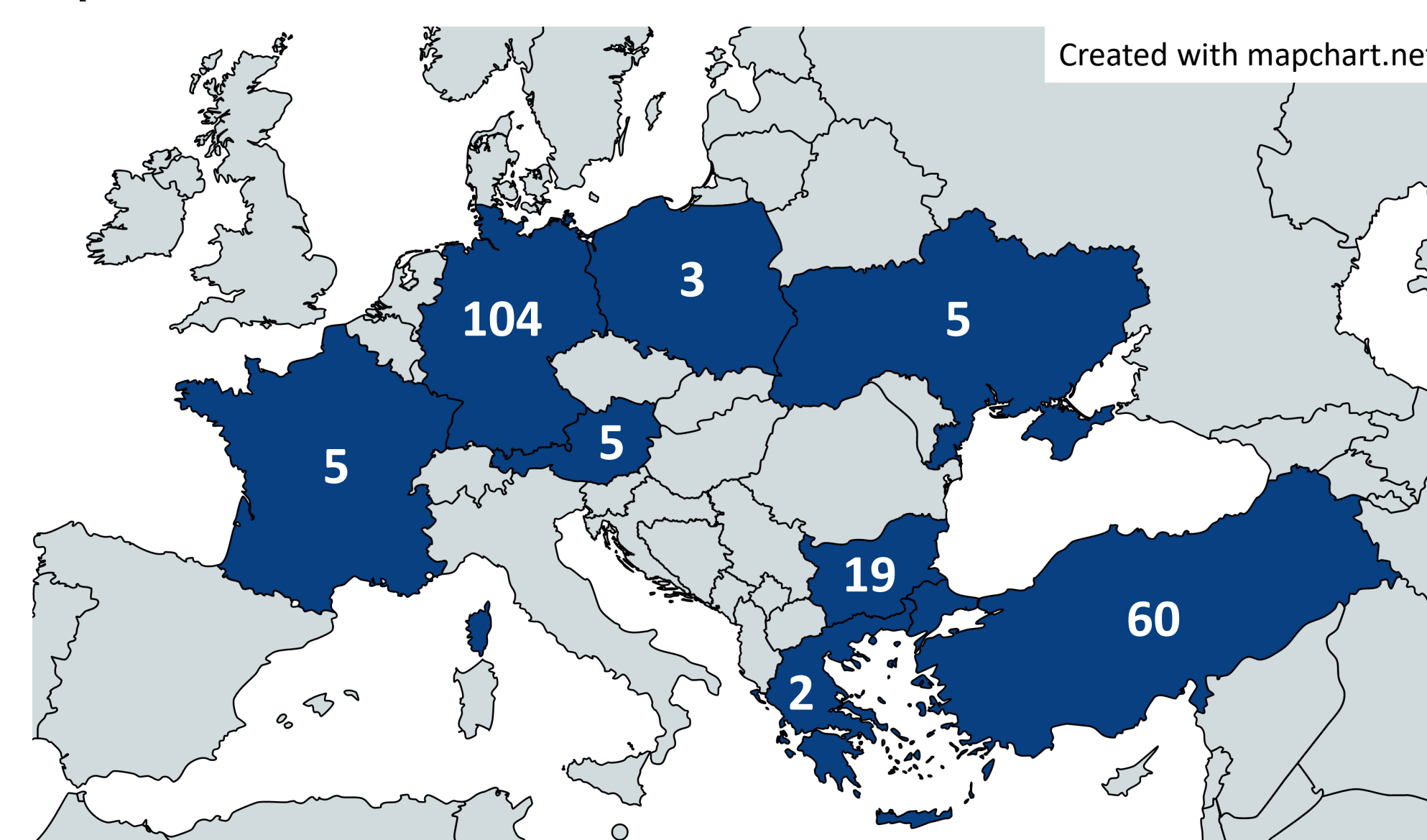
Baseline characteristics

Characteristic	Total N (infants // eyes)
Birth weight [median in g] (range) (N=202)	203 // 393
Gestational age at birth [median in weeks] (range) (N=199)	727 (250-2.470)
Female [n, children] (%) (N=202)	25.9 (22-34)
Multiples [n, children] (%) (N=202)	96 (47.5)
	46 (22.8)



METHODS

First consecutive 203 infants with treatment warranted ROP from 30 centers located in 8 European countries were analyzed for demographics and ROP parameters at time of treatment.



Descriptive statistics to analyze:

- birthweight
- gestational age
- gender
- plurality
- stage of ROP
- zone
- plus disease

at time of initial ROP treatment



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¹Chiang MF, Quinn GE, Fielder AR, et al. (2021): International Classification of Retinopathy of Prematurity, Third Edition. Ophthalmology S0161642021004164.